


SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1 Product identifier

RECA PURFLEXSCHAUM
Article number: 0800898000

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
1.2.1 Relevant uses

Sealing material

1.2.2 Uses advised against

None known.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	Kellner & Kunz AG Boschstr. 37 4600 Wels / AUSTRIA Phone 0043-7242-484-0 Fax 0043-7242-484-924 Homepage www.reca.co.at E-mail info@reca.co.at
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Address enquiries to

Technical information	info@reca.co.at
Safety Data Sheet	sdb@chemiebuero.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Advisory body	+43 (0) 1 406 43 43 (24h)
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification
2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture [REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008]

Aerosol 1: H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
 Acute Tox. 4: H332 Harmful if inhaled.
 Skin Irrit. 2: H315 Causes skin irritation.
 Eye Irrit. 2: H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 STOT SE 3: H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 Carc. 2: H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
 Skin Sens. 1: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 Resp. Sens. 1: H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
 STOT RE 2: H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
 Acute Tox. 4: H302 Harmful if swallowed.



2.2 Label elements

The product is required to be labelled in accordance with regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP).

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

DANGER

Contains:

Tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues
Glycerolpropylenoxidpolyethertriol

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C / 122°F.
P260 Do not breathe vapours / spray.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER / doctor.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national regulation.

Special labelling

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

Human health dangers

Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product. Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product. This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used.

Environmental hazards

Does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

Other hazards

Further hazards were not determined with the current level of knowledge.



SECTION 3: Composition / Information on ingredients

Product-type:

3.2 The product is a mixture.

Range [%]	Substance
25 - <50	Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues CAS: 9016-87-9, EINECS/ELINCS: Polymer GHS/CLP: Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Resp. Sens. 1: H334 - STOT SE 3: H335 - Carc. 2: H351 - STOT RE 2: H373
10 - <25	Tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate CAS: 13674-84-5, EINECS/ELINCS: 237-158-7, Reg-No.: 01-2119486772-26-XXXX GHS/CLP: Acute Tox. 4: H302
10 - <25	Glycerolpropylenoxidpolyethertriol CAS: 25791-96-2, EINECS/ELINCS: 500-044-5 GHS/CLP: Acute Tox. 4: H302
5 - <10	Dimethyl ether CAS: 115-10-6, EINECS/ELINCS: 204-065-8, EU-INDEX: 603-019-00-8, Reg-No.: 01-2119472128-37-XXXX GHS/CLP: Flam. Gas 1: H220 - Press. Gas: H280
5 - <10	iso-Butane CAS: 75-28-5, EINECS/ELINCS: 200-857-2, EU-INDEX: 601-004-00-0 GHS/CLP: Flam. Gas 1: H220 - Press. Gas (Compressed gas): H280
1 - <5	Propane CAS: 74-98-6, EINECS/ELINCS: 200-827-9, EU-INDEX: 601-003-00-5 GHS/CLP: Flam. Gas 1: H220 - Press. Gas (Compressed gas): H280

Comment on component parts

Substances of Very High Concern - SVHC: substances are not contained or are below 0.1%.
For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information

Remove contaminated soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

Inhalation

Remove the victim into fresh air and keep him calm.
In the event of symptoms seek medical treatment.

Skin contact

In case of contact with skin wash off immediately with soap and water.
Consult a doctor if skin irritation persists.

Eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion

Consult a doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic reactions
Irritant effects

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Foam, dry powder, water spray jet, carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media that must not be used

Full water jet.



5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of fire the following can be released:
Hydrogen chloride (HCl).
Hydrogen cyanide (HCN).
Nitrogen oxides (NOx).
Bursting aerosols can be forcibly projected from a fire.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Use self-contained breathing apparatus.
Do not inhale explosion and/or combustion gases.
Fire residues and contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance with the local regulations.
Cool containers at risk with water spray jet.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from all sources of ignition.
Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the drains/surface waters/groundwater.
In case the product spills into drains/surface waters/groundwater, immediately inform the authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up mechanically.
Take up residues with absorbent material (e.g. sand).
Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with the regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See SECTION 8+13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use only in well-ventilated areas.
Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
Vapours can form an explosive mixture with air.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Use explosion-proofed equipment/fittings and non-sparkling tools.
Do not eat, drink, smoke or take drugs at work.
Wash hands before breaks and after work.
Clean skin thoroughly after work, apply skin cream.
Use barrier skin cream.
Remove contaminated soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep only in original container.
Prevent penetration into the ground.
Do not store together with oxidizing agents.
Keep container in a well-ventilated place.
Keep in a cool place, heat causes increase in pressure and risk of bursting.
Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See product use, SECTION 1.2



SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with occupational exposure limits to be monitored (GB)

Substance
Dimethyl ether
CAS: 115-10-6, EINECS/ELINCS: 204-065-8, EU-INDEX: 603-019-00-8, Reg-No.: 01-2119472128-37-XXXX
Long-term exposure: 400 ppm, 766 mg/m ³
Short-term exposure (15-minute): 500 ppm, 958 mg/m ³
iso-Butane
CAS: 75-28-5, EINECS/ELINCS: 200-857-2, EU-INDEX: 601-004-00-0
Long-term exposure: 600 ppm, 1450 mg/m ³ , (Butane)
Short-term exposure (15-minute): 750 ppm, 1810 mg/m ³
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues
CAS: 9016-87-9, EINECS/ELINCS: Polymer
Long-term exposure: 0,02 mg/m ³ , as NCO, Sen
Short-term exposure (15-minute): 0,07 mg/m ³

Ingredients with occupational exposure limits to be monitored (EU)

Substance / EC LIMIT VALUES
Dimethyl ether
CAS: 115-10-6, EINECS/ELINCS: 204-065-8, EU-INDEX: 603-019-00-8, Reg-No.: 01-2119472128-37-XXXX
Eight hours: 1000 ppm, 1920 mg/m ³

DNEL

Substance
Tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate, CAS: 13674-84-5
Industrial, dermal, Acute - systemic effects: 2,08 mg/kg bw/day.
Industrial, dermal, Long-term - systemic effects: 2,08 mg/kg bw/day.
Industrial, inhalative, Acute - systemic effects: 5,82 mg/m ³ .
Industrial, inhalative, Long-term - systemic effects: 5,82 mg/m ³ .
general population, oral, Acute - systemic effects: 0,52 mg/kg bw/day.
general population, oral, Long-term - systemic effects: 0,52 mg/kg bw/day.
general population, dermal, Acute - systemic effects: 1,04 mg/kg bw/day.
general population, dermal, Long-term - systemic effects: 1,04 mg/kg bw/day.
general population, inhalative, Acute - systemic effects: 1,46 mg/m ³ .
general population, inhalative, Long-term - systemic effects: 1,46 mg/m ³ .
Dimethyl ether, CAS: 115-10-6
Industrial, inhalative, Long-term - systemic effects: 1894 mg/m ³ .
general population, inhalative, Long-term - systemic effects: 471 mg/m ³ .

PNEC

Substance
Tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate, CAS: 13674-84-5
soil, 1,7 mg/kg.
sediment (freshwater), 2,92 mg/kg sediment dw.
sediment (seawater), 0,29 mg/kg sediment dw.
sewage treatment plants (STP), 7,84 mg/L.
seawater, 0,064 mg/L.
freshwater, 0,64 mg/L.



Dimethyl ether, CAS: 115-10-6
sediment (seawater), 69 µg/L.
seawater, 16 µg/L.
sewage treatment plants (STP), 160 mg/l.
soil, 45 µg/kg.
sediment, 681 µg/kg.
freshwater, 155 µg/L.

8.2 Exposure controls

Additional advice on system design	Ensure adequate ventilation on workstation. Measurement methods for taking workplace measurements must meet the performance requirements of DIN EN 482. For example, recommendations are given in the IFA's list of hazardous substances.
Eye protection	Safety glasses. (EN 166:2001)
Hand protection	0,7 mm Butyl rubber, >480 min (EN 374-1/-2/-3). The details concerned are recommendations. Please contact the glove supplier for further information.
Skin protection	Protective clothing (EN 340)
Other	Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale vapours. Personal protective equipment should be selected specifically for the working place, depending on concentration and quantity handled. The resistance of this equipment to chemicals should be ascertained with the respective supplier.
Respiratory protection	In the event of occupational exposure limits being exceeded or of inadequate ventilation: wear appropriate respiratory protection. Short term: combination filter AX-P2. (DIN EN 14387)
Thermal hazards	No information available.
Delimitation and monitoring of the environmental exposition	Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.



SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form	aerosol
Color	No information available.
Odor	characteristic
Odour threshold	No information available.
pH-value	not applicable
pH-value [1%]	not applicable
Boiling point [°C]	not applicable
Flash point [°C]	not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) [°C]	not applicable
Lower explosion limit	No information available.
Upper explosion limit	No information available.
Oxidising properties	no
Vapour pressure/gas pressure [kPa]	not applicable
Density [g/ml]	0,9 (20 °C / 68,0 °F)
Bulk density [kg/m ³]	not applicable
Solubility in water	reacts with water
Partition coefficient [n-octanol/water]	No information available.
Viscosity	not applicable
Relative vapour density determined in air	not applicable
Evaporation speed	not applicable
Melting point [°C]	not applicable
Autoignition temperature [°C]	not applicable
Decomposition temperature [°C]	not applicable

9.2 Other information

No information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

See SECTION 10.3.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal ambient conditions (ambient temperature).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Because of the high vapour pressure, containers are liable to burst if temperature rises.
Formation of explosive gas/air mixtures.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

See SECTION 7.2.
Strong heating.

10.5 Incompatible materials

See SECTION 7

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: See SECTION 5.



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product
dermal, Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.:
ATE-mix, oral, Rat: >300 - 2000 mg/kg.
ATE-mix, inhalation (vapour), Rat: 10 - <20 mg/l.
Substance
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues, CAS: 9016-87-9
LD50, dermal, Rabbit: > 9400 mg/kg (OECD 402).
LD50, oral, Rat: > 10000 mg/kg (OECD 401).
LC50, inhalativ (mist), Rat: 0,31 mg/l/4h (OECD 403).
NOAEL, inhalative, Rat: 0,2 mg/m ³ (OECD 453).
LOAEL, inhalative, Rat: 1 mg/m ³ (OECD 453).
iso-Butane, CAS: 75-28-5
LC50, inhalative, Rat: 570000 ppm (IUCLID).
Tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate, CAS: 13674-84-5
LD50, oral, Rat: > 500 -2000 mg/kg.
LD50, dermal, Rat: > 2000 mg/kg.
LC0, inhalative, Rat: > 7 mg/l 4h.
Propane, CAS: 74-98-6
LC50, inhalative, Rat: 658 mg/L (IUCLID).
Dimethyl ether, CAS: 115-10-6
LC50, inhalative, Rat: 164000 ppm (4 h).
Glycerolpropylenoxidpolyethertriol, CAS: 25791-96-2
LD50, oral, Rat: >300 - 2000 mg/kg.

Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled. Irritant Calculation method [RL (EC) No. 1272/2008 Annex I 1.1.3.7]
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled. Irritant Calculation method [RL (EC) No. 1272/2008 Annex I 1.1.3.7]
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Calculation method [RL (EC) No. 1272/2008 Annex I 1.1.3.7]
Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure	Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled. May cause respiratory irritation. Calculation method [RL (EC) No. 1272/2008 Annex I 1.1.3.7]
Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure	Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure through inhalation. Calculation method [RL (EC) No. 1272/2008 Annex I 1.1.3.7]
Mutagenicity	Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.
Reproduction toxicity	Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.
Carcinogenicity	Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled. Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. Calculation method
Aspiration hazard	Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.
General remarks	

The toxicity data listed pertaining to the ingredients are intended for those working in the medicinal professions, experts for occupational health and safety and toxicologists. The toxicity data pertaining to the ingredients were supplied by the manufacturers of raw materials.



Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product
Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.:
Substance
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues, CAS: 9016-87-9
LC50, (96h), Danio rerio: > 1000 mg/l (OECD 203).
EC50, (3h), Bacteria: > 100 mg/l (OECD 209).
EC50, (24h), Daphnia magna: > 1000 mg/l (OECD 202).
NOEC, (21d), Daphnia magna: > 10 mg/l (OECD 202).
ErC50, (72h), Scenedesmus subspicatus: > 1640 mg/l (OECD 201).
Tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate, CAS: 13674-84-5
LC50, (96h), Pimephales promelas: 51 mg/l.
EC50, (48h), Daphnia magna: 131 mg/l.
EC50, (3h), Bacteria: 784 mg/l.
IC50, (72h), Algae: 82 mg/l.
Dimethyl ether, CAS: 115-10-6
LC50, (96h), fish: 4100 mg/L.
EC50, (72h), Algae: 155 mg/L.
EC50, (48h), Crustacea: 4400 mg/L.
NOEC, (48h), Crustacea: 4400 mg/L.
NOEC, (96h), fish: 4100 mg/L.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Behaviour in environment compartments	No information available.
Behaviour in sewage plant	No information available.
Biological degradability	No information available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Based on all available information not to be classified as PBT or vPvB respectively.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Ecological data of complete product are not available.

Do not discharge product unmonitored into the environment.

The toxicity data pertaining to the ingredients were supplied by the manufacturers of raw materials.

The product contains organically bound halogen in accordance with the formulation.



SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste material c It is not possible to determine a waste code for this product in accordance with the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) since it is only possible to classify it according to how it is used by the customer. The waste code is to be determined within the EU in liaison with the waste-disposal operator.

Product

Dispose of as hazardous waste.
Coordinate disposal with the disposal contractor/authorities if necessary.

Waste no. (recommended)

160504* gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances
080501*

Contaminated packaging

Dispose full / partially emptied cartridges as hazardous waste in accordance with official regulations.

Waste no. (recommended)

150110*
150104

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number


Transport by land according to ADR/RID 1950


Inland navigation (ADN) 1950


Marine transport in accordance with IMDG 1950


Air transport in accordance with IATA 1950

**14.2 UN proper shipping name**

Transport by land according to ADR/RID	Aerosols
- Classification Code	5F
- Label	
- ADR LQ	1 I
- ADR 1.1.3.6 (8.6)	Transport category (tunnel restriction code) 2 (D)

Inland navigation (ADN)	Aerosols
- Classification Code	5F
- Label	

Marine transport in accordance with IMDG	Aerosols
- EMS	F-D, S-U
- Label	
- IMDG LQ	1 I

Air transport in accordance with IATA	Aerosols, flammable
- Label	

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Transport by land according to ADR/RID	2
Inland navigation (ADN)	2
Marine transport in accordance with IMDG	2.1
Air transport in accordance with IATA	2.1

14.4 Packing group

Transport by land according to ADR/RID	not applicable
Inland navigation (ADN)	not applicable
Marine transport in accordance with IMDG	not applicable
Air transport in accordance with IATA	not applicable

**14.5 Environmental hazards**

Transport by land according to ADR/RID no

Inland navigation (ADN) no

Marine transport in accordance with IMDG no

Air transport in accordance with IATA no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Relevant information under SECTION 6 to 8.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No information available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

EEC-REGULATIONS	1991/689 (2001/118); 2010/75; 2004/42; 648/2004; 1907/2006 (REACH); 1272/2008; 75/324/EEC (2016/2037/EC); (EU) 2015/830; (EU) 2016/131; (EU) 517/2014
TRANSPORT-REGULATIONS	ADR (2019); IMDG-Code (2019, 39. Amdt.); IATA-DGR (2019)
NATIONAL REGULATIONS (GB):	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Second edition, published December 2011).
- Observe employment restrictions for people	Observe employment restrictions for young people. Observe employment restrictions for mothers-to-be and nursing mothers.
- VOC (2010/75/CE)	ca. 16%

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

not applicable

SECTION 16: Other information**16.1 Hazard statements (SECTION 03)**

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
 H220 Extremely flammable gas.
 H302 Harmful if swallowed.
 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure through inhalation.
 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
 H332 Harmful if inhaled.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.



16.2 Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route
 RID = Règlement concernant le transport international ferroviaire de marchandises dangereuses
 ADN = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voie de navigation intérieure
 ATE = acute toxicity estimate
 CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging
 DMEL = Derived Minimum Effect Level
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 EC50 = Median effective concentration
 ECB = European Chemicals Bureau
 EEC = European Economic Community
 EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
 ELINCS = European List of Notified Chemical Substances
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 IATA = International Air Transport Association
 IBC-Code = International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
 IC50 = Inhibition concentration, 50%
 IMDG = International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
 IUCLID = International Uniform Chemical Information Database
 LC50 = Lethal concentration, 50%
 LD50 = Median lethal dose
 LC0 = lethal concentration, 0%
 LOAEL = lowest-observed-adverse-effect level
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
 NOAEL = No Observed Adverse Effect Level
 NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
 PNEC = Predicted No-Effect Concentration
 REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
 STP = Sewage Treatment Plant
 TLV@/TWA = Threshold limit value – time-weighted average
 TLV@STEL = Threshold limit value – short-time exposure limit
 VOC = Volatile Organic Compounds
 vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

16.3 Other information

Classification procedure

Aerosol 1: H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. (Bridging principle "Aerosols") H229
 Pressurised container: May burst if heated. (Bridging principle "Aerosols")
 Acute Tox. 4: H332 Harmful if inhaled. (Calculation method [RL (EC) No. 1272/2008 Annex I 1.1.3.7])
 Skin Irrit. 2: H315 Causes skin irritation. (Calculation method [RL (EC) No. 1272/2008 Annex I 1.1.3.7])
 Eye Irrit. 2: H319 Causes serious eye irritation. (Calculation method [RL (EC) No. 1272/2008 Annex I 1.1.3.7])
 STOT SE 3: H335 May cause respiratory irritation. (Calculation method [RL (EC) No. 1272/2008 Annex I 1.1.3.7])
 Carc. 2: H351 Suspected of causing cancer. (Calculation method)
 Skin Sens. 1: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. (Calculation method [RL (EC) No. 1272/2008 Annex I 1.1.3.7])
 Resp. Sens. 1: H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. (Calculation method [RL (EC) No. 1272/2008 Annex I 1.1.3.7])
 STOT RE 2: H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (Calculation method [RL (EC) No. 1272/2008 Annex I 1.1.3.7])
 Acute Tox. 4: H302 Harmful if swallowed. (Calculation method)

Modified position

SECTION 8 been added: In the event of occupational exposure limits being exceeded or of inadequate ventilation: wear appropriate respiratory protection.
 SECTION 8 deleted: Respiratory protection mask in the event of high concentrations.



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